

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 Product identifier

Product name Core 7% Iron Plus

1.2 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Liquid Fertilizer

1.3 Supplier's details

Name Core Agri Inc.

Address 400 South Central Ave / PO Box 190

Humboldt TN 38343

Telephone 731-784-0605

1.4 Emergency phone number(s)

Chemtrec 800-262-8200 Customer Number CCN840118

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS classification in accordance with: OSHA (29 CFR 1910.1200)

2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H300 Fatal if swallowed

H318 Causes serious eye damage

Precautionary statement(s)

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/...

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse

skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/...

P321 Specific treatment (see ... on this label).

P330 Rinse mouth.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to ...

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Mixtures

Hazardous components

1. Ferrous sulfate

 Concentration
 Not specified

 EC no.
 231-753-5

 CAS no.
 7782-63-0

 Index no.
 026-003-01-4

Acute toxicity, oral, Cat. 4Skin corrosion/irritation, Cat. 2

- Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Cat. 2

H302 Harmful if swallowed H315 Causes skin irritation

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

If inhaled Remove to fresh air. If breathing becomes difficult, contact a medical

physician. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing and obtain

immediate medical attention.

In case of skin contact Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and

wash before reuse. Seek medical attention if skin becomes irritated.

In case of eye contact Flush immediately with water for at least 15 minutes, lifting the upper and

lower eyelids occasionally. Call a physician if eye irritation persists.

If swallowed Call physician or Poison Control Center immediately for most current

information. Dilute with large amounts of milk or water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a medical professional. Never induce vomiting or give diluents (milk or water) to someone who is unconscious,

having convulsions, or who cannot swallow. If vomiting occurs, keep head lower than hips to prevent introduction of fluid into the lungs.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Eyes: May cause severe irritation with prolonged exposure.

Skin: Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause skin irritation.

Inhalation: May cause breathing difficulties with prolonged exposure.

Ingestion: Can lead to stomach aches and nausea.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Suitable extinguishing media

Non-flammable liquid. Use media suitable to extinguish source of fire.

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Sulfur trioxide fumes at temperatures above 1067 □F.

5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and goggles. Avoid exposure to smoke or fumes. Contain any liquid runoff.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For small or incidental spills, the minimum personal protective equipment should be rubber gloves, rubber apron, and chemical goggles. Uncontrolled releases should be responded to by trained personnel using pre-planned procedures. Proper protective equipment should be used. Gas masks or SCBA gear may be required. For large spills, contain by diking with soil or other non-combustible absorbent material. Keep material out of sewers, storm drains, and surface waters. Comply with all applicable government regulations on spill reporting, handling, and waste disposal.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Wash with soap and water after handling.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool (above 40 \square F), dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials. This product should be stored in tanks constructed of stainless steel, fiberglass, polypropylene, or polyethylene. Valves should be inspected on a regular basis and replaced as needed to prevent leakage. Transfer equipment (valves, pumps, etc.) should be constructed of stainless steel or chemical-resistant plastic.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

1. Ferrous sulfate (CAS: 7782-63-0 EC: 231-753-5)

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Use with adequate ventilation.

8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Chemical dust/splash goggles or full-face shield to prevent eye contact. As a general rule, contact lenses should not be worn when working with chemicals because they contribute to the severity of an eye injury.

Skin protection

Rubber gloves with gauntlets.

Body protection

Use body protection appropriate for task. Chemical-resistant coveralls and rubber aprons are generally acceptable.

Respiratory protection

If work conditions generate vapors or mist, wear a NIOSH approved respirator appropriate for those emission levels. Appropriate respirator may be a full facepiece respirator, a self-contained breathing apparatus in the pressure demand mode, or a supplied-air respirator.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Appearance/form (physical state, color, etc.) Odor Odor threshold pH Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling range Flash point Evaporation rate Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability limits Vapor pressure Vapor density Relative density Solubility(ies) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Viscosity Explosive properties Oxidizing properties | Light green color none NA 2.0 to 3.0 32F 212F NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA |
|---|--|
| Oxidizing properties | NA |

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

stable under normal conditions and pressure

10.2 Conditions to avoid

avoid high heat

10.3 Incompatible materials

Strong bases and acids

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

May cause stomach cramps and/or nausea.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Mild irritant, especially with prolonged exposure. May cause skin ulceration.

Serious eve damage/irritation

Mild irritant. May cause redness and/or burning.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Moderate irritation of nose and throat. May cause dry coughing, wheezing, or chest tightness.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Iron is stable in the environment. Its transport in the environment depends upon the exact compound, the pH, the soil type, and the salinity. All work practices should be aimed at eliminating environmental contamination.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal of the product

Do not contaminate lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters by discharge of waste effluents or equipment rinse. Dispose of waste effluents according to federal, state, and local regulations. Chemical additions or other alterations of this product may invalidate any disposal information in this SDS.

SECTION 14: Transport information

DOT (US)

Not dangerous goods

IMDG

Not dangerous goods

IATA

Not dangerous goods

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Massachusetts Right to Know Components

Chemical name: Ferrous sulfate

CAS number: 7720-78-7

New Jersey Right to Know Components

Common name: FERROUS SULFATE

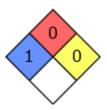
CAS number: 7720-78-7

Pennsylvania Right to Know Components

Chemical name: Sulfuric acid, iron (2+) salt (1:1)

CAS number: 7720-78-7

NFPA Rating



SECTION 16: Other information

The information and recommendations herein are taken from data contained in independent, industry recognized references including NIOSH, OSHA, ANSI, and NFPA. This information is, as of date listed above, true and accurate to the best of Core Agri Inc. knowledge. It is intended for use by persons possessing technical knowledge and at their own discretion and risk. Since actual use is beyond our control, no guarantee, express or implied, and no liability is assumed by Core Agri in conjunction with the use of this information. Actual conditions of use and handling may require consideration of information other than, or in addition to, that which is provided herein.