

400 South Central Ave Humboldt, TN 38343

# **Safety Data Sheet Enviroboost**

## **SECTION 1: Identification**

**Product identifier** 

Product name **Enviroboost** 

1.2 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

liquid fertilizer

Supplier's details 1.3

> Name Genesis Ag, Inc 400 South Central Address

Humboldt, TN 38343

Telephone 731-784-0605

Emergency phone number(s)

Chemtrec 1-800-262-8200 Customer Number CCN840110

## **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS classification in accordance with: OSHA (29 CFR 1910.1200)

GHS label elements, including precautionary statements. 2.2

**Pictogram** 



## Precautionary statement(s)

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P330 Rinse mouth.

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 **Mixtures**

#### **Hazardous components**

1. Calcium hydroxide

Concentration Not specified EC no. 215-137-3 CAS no. 1305-62-0

Skin irritation, Cat. 2 Serious eye damage, Cat. 1

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure, Respiratory system, Cat. 3

H315 Causes skin irritation

H318 Causes serious eye damage
H335 May cause respiratory irritation

2. Cobalt sulfate heptahydrate

Concentration Not specified CAS no. 10026-24-1

Carcinogenicity, Cat. 1 Reproductive toxicity, Cat. 1 Acute toxicity, oral, Cat. 4 Sensitization, respiratory, Cat. 1

H350 May cause cancer

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

3. Ferrous sulfate

 Concentration
 Not specified

 EC no.
 231-753-5

 CAS no.
 7782-63-0

 Index no.
 026-003-01-4

Acute toxicity, oral, Cat. 4 Skin corrosion/irritation, Cat. 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Cat. 2

H302 Harmful if swallowed H315 Causes skin irritation

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

4. Manganese (II) chloride

Concentration Not specified CAS no. 7773-01-5

Acute oral toxicity, Cat. 4

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation, Cat. 1

Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure), - Kidney, Liver, Heart, spleen, Blood, Cat. 2

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H318 Causes serious eye damage

5. Sodium molybdate

Concentration Not specified EC no. 231-551-7 CAS no. 7631-95-0

6. Sodium selenite

Concentration Not specified CAS no. 10102-18-8

Acute toxicity, Oral, Cat. 2 Acute toxicity, Inhalation, Cat. 2

Skin irritation, Cat. 2 Eye irritation, Cat. 2A Skin sensitization, Cat. 1

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Cat. 2 Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Cat. 2

H300 + H330 Fatal if swallowed or if inhaled

H315 Causes skin irritation

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction
H319 Causes serious eve irritation

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

7. Zinc sulfate

 Concentration
 Not specified

 EC no.
 231-793-3

 CAS no.
 7733-02-0

 Index no.
 030-006-00-9

Acute toxicity, oral, Cat. 4
Eve damage/irritation, Cat. 1

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute), Cat. 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic), Cat. 1

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H318 Causes serious eye damage

### **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

If inhaled Remove to fresh air. If breathing becomes difficult, contact a medical

physician. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing and obtain

immediate medical attention.

In case of skin contact Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and

wash before reuse. Seek medical attention if skin becomes irritated.

In case of eye contact Flush immediately with water for at least 15 minutes, lifting the upper and

lower eyelids occasionally. Call a physician if eye irritation persists.

If swallowed Call physician or Poison Control Center immediately for most current

information. Dilute with large amounts of water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a medical professional. Never induce vomiting or give diluents (milk or water) to someone who is unconscious, having convulsions, or who cannot swallow. If vomiting occurs, keep head lower

than hips to prevent introduction of fluid into the lungs.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed.

Eyes: May cause inflammation, redness, and possible damage with prolonged exposure.

Skin: Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause skin ulcerations and /or burns.

Inhalation: It may cause headaches, nausea, or weakness in case of prolonged exposure. Oxygen can be

administered if breathing becomes difficult.

Ingestion: May result in nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, digestive disorders

## **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

### 5.1 Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry-Chemical.

### 5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical.

Avoid high temperatures that may cause thermal decomposition or explosion, especially in confined or poorly ventilated spaces.

### 5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and goggles. Avoid exposure to smoke or fumes. Contain any liquid runoff.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures

For small or incidental spills, the minimum personal protective equipment should be rubber gloves, rubber apron, and chemical goggles. Uncontrolled releases should be responded to by trained personnel using pre-planned procedures. Proper protective equipment should be used. Gas masks with ammonia canister or SCBA gear may be required. For large spills, contain by diking with soil or other non-combustible absorbent material. Dilution with water will reduce the release of ammonia vapors. Keep material out of sewers, storm drains, and surface waters. Comply with all applicable government regulations on spill reporting, handling, and waste disposal.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from incompatible materials. Do not breathe mists. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Wash with soap and water after handling.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store out of direct sunlight (above 40°F) in a dry, well-ventilated area. This product should be stored in tanks constructed of stainless steel, fiberglass, polypropylene, or polyethylene. Valves should be inspected on a regular basis and replaced as needed to prevent leakage.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

### 1. Calcium hydroxide, Total dust (CAS: 1305-62-0)

PEL (Inhalation): 15 mg/m3 (OSHA) OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov PEL (Inhalation): 5 mg/m3 (Cal/OSHA) OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

REL (Inhalation): 5 mg/m3 (NIOSH)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

### 2. Calcium hydroxide, Respirable fraction (CAS: 1305-62-0)

PEL (Inhalation): 5 mg/m3 (OSHA)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

### 3. Sodium molybdate (CAS: 7631-95-0 EC: 231-551-7)

TLV® (Inhalation): 0.5 mg/m3 (ACGIH)

Lower Respiratory Tract irritation. Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

PEL-TWA (Inhalation): 0.5 mg/m3 (Cal/OSHA)

PEL-TWA (Inhalation): 5 mg/m3 (OSHA)

### 8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Use with adequate ventilation to keep airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.

### 8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Chemical dust/splash goggles or full-face shield to prevent eye contact. As a general rule, contact lenses should not be worn when working with chemicals because they contribute to the severity of an eye injury.

#### Skin protection

Rubber gloves with gauntlets.

## **Body protection**

Use body protection appropriate for task. Chemical-resistant coveralls and rubber aprons are generally acceptable.

#### Respiratory protection

If work conditions generate vapors or mist, wear a NIOSH approved respirator appropriate for those emission levels. Appropriate respirator may be a full facepiece respirator, an SCBA in the pressure demand mode, or a supplied-air respirator.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance/form (physical state, color, etc.) dark brown liquid Odor none Odor threshold NA pΗ 32F Melting point/freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling range 212F Flash point NA Evaporation rate NA Flammability (solid, gas) NA Upper/lower flammability limits NA Vapor pressure NA Vapor density NA

Relative density	9.5 lbs/gal
Solubility(ies)	NA
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	NA
Auto-ignition temperature	NA
Decomposition temperature	NA
Viscosity	NA
Explosive properties	NA
Oxidizing properties	NA

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

stable under normal conditions and pressure

### 10.2 Incompatible materials

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Sodium molybdate: Strong oxidizing agents

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

May cause severe gastrointestinal irritation, vomiting, stomach cramps, and diarrhea.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Moderate irritant, especially with prolonged exposure. May cause skin ulceration and/or burns.

### Serious eye damage/irritation

Moderate irritant. May cause redness, burning, inflammation, and/or damage.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Moderate irritant, especially with prolonged exposure. May cause skin ulceration and/or burns.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

May be harmful to fish, livestock, and wildlife. Dissolved mineral salts may cause irritation of the digestive tract. Non-persistent. Non-cumulative when applied using normal agricultural practices.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### Disposal of the product

Do not contaminate lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans, or other waters by discharge of waste effluents or equipment rinse. Dispose of waste effluents according to federal, state, and local regulations. Chemical additions or other alterations of this product may invalidate any disposal information in this SDS.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

DOT (US)

Not dangerous goods

#### **IMDG**

Not dangerous goods

#### **IATA**

Not dangerous goods

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

## New Jersey Right To Know Components

Common name: CALCIUM HYDROXIDE

CAS number: 1305-62-0

## Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Chemical name: Calcium hydroxide

CAS number: 1305-62-0

### California Prop. 65 components

Chemical name: Cobalt sulfate heptahydrate

CAS number: 10026-24-1 00/00/0000 - Cancer

### **Massachusetts Right To Know Components**

Chemical name: Ferrous sulfate

CAS number: 7720-78-7

## **New Jersey Right To Know Components**

Common name: FERROUS SULFATE

CAS number: 7720-78-7

### Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Chemical name: Sulfuric acid, iron(2+) salt (1:1)

CAS number: 7720-78-7

### **Massachusetts Right To Know Components**

Chemical name: Sodium selenite

CAS number: 7782-82-3

### **Massachusetts Right To Know Components**

Chemical name: Zinc sulfate CAS number: 7733-02-0

### **New Jersey Right To Know Components**

Common name: ZINC SULFATE

CAS number: 7733-02-0

#### **Pennsylvania Right To Know Components**

Chemical name: Sulfuric acid, zinc salt (1:1)

CAS number: 7733-02-0

### **NFPA Rating**



## **SECTION 16: Other information**

The information and recommendations herein are taken from data contained in independent, industry recognized references including NIOSH, OSHA, ANSI, and NFPA. This information is, as of date listed above, true and accurate to the best of Genesis Ag, Inc knowledge. It is intended for use by persons possessing technical knowledge and at their own discretion and risk. Since actual use is beyond our control, no guarantee, express or implied, and no liability is assumed by Genesis Ag, Inc in conjunction with the use of this information. Actual conditions of use and handling may require consideration of information other than, or in addition to, that which is provided herein.